Yemen
Rice

After the unification of the Yemen Arab Republic and the Yemen People's Republic (retrospectively known as North and South Yemen, respectively) in 1990, Ali Abdullah Saleh (also referred to as Saleh al-Hashidi) served as the President and head of state. He is backed by his own personalist party, the General People's Congress (MSA).

Ali Abdullah Saleh steps down in 2012 after being in power for 33 years, handing power to his deputy, Abdu Rabu Mansour Hadi. A Gulf Cooperation Council-brokered agreement brought about the transition and also stipulated that Hadi would serve a two year term in which a constitution would be drafted (BBC News 2012). Because Hadi was Ali Abdullah Saleh's deputy, we do not code the transition as a SOLS change . While the country has devolved into a civil war with rebels claiming to have an established a legitimate government, Hadi is still the internationally backed leader (BBC News 2019). Archigos does not code this far, but we consider Hadi to be the leader through 2018.

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