

Egypt

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Egypt is considered authoritarian from independence in 1937 through 1945. We lack Geddes authoritarian regime type coding, but according to Morby (2002) the country was ruled by the Muhammad Ali Dynasty so we consider Egypt a monarchy. Farouk (of the Muhammad Ali dynasty) ruled as king from 1937 through 1952 (Morby 2002). In 1952 a revolutionary group of military officers forced Farouk to abdicate and a Revolutionary Command Council under Muhammad Naguib takes power. This established the military-single-party-personalist-hybrid that lasts through 2008 and is coded as a SOLS change. In 1953 Egypt was declared a republic and the monarchy was abolished. In 1954 Nasser, Mil/LR, became president. This is not a SOLS change because he has the same SOLS as his predecessor. In 1956 Nasser's SOLS changed from Mil/LR to NU (National Union).¹ This is not a SOLS change. In 1962 Nasser's SOLS changed from NU to ASU (Arab Socialist Union). This is not a SOLS change. In 1970 Anwar Sadat, ASU, took power. This is not a SOLS change because he has the same SOLS as his predecessor. In 1978 Sadat's SOLS changed from ASU to HDW (Hizb al Dimuqratiyah al Wataniyah). In 1981 Mubarak, HDW, became president. This is not a SOLS change. Mubarak ruled through 2008.

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¹ Note that sources are contradictory on whether the NU was formed in 1956 or 1957. Hassan (2010) and Flower (1972, 205) say 1956, while worldstatesmen and Jankowski (2002,123) say 1957. According to Deeb (1991, 641), Nasser frequently changed his political allegiance, for example from the Liberal Rally to the National Union

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Pre- and post-1945 coded by Anna Carrella (Vanderbilt) on 01/2010 and 08/09/2010

Pre-1945 reviewed by Michaela Mattes (Vanderbilt) on 02/09/2012
Post-1945 checked by Michaela Mattes (Vanderbilt) on 08/12/2010
Post-1945 revised by Eelco van der Maat (Vanderbilt) on 26/10/2011
Post-1945 revised by Michaela Mattes (Vanderbilt) on 12/17/2011

Combined by Matt DiLorenzo (Vanderbilt) on 06/10/2013
Edited by Andrew Wood (Rice) on 5/23/14